



### Honduras and the London Protocol: Actual Status, Challenges & Experiences for the Maritime Authority.

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### Background

#### **Honduras Status**





- General Directorate of the Merchant Marine, created on 12 October 1976;
- London Convention (accession on 06 February 1980) came into force 01 June 1980;
- National Environmental Law of Honduras 1993;
- Maritime Law since 1994;
- MARPOL (Annexes I VI);



# Key Differences: Convention vs. Protocol

The London Convention (1972) and the London Protocol (1996) regulate the prevention of

marine pollution by dumping of wastes and other matter at sea.

> - The Protocol is more restrictive than the Convention

> - Prohibits all waste disposal unless explicitly permitted

> - Strengthens compliance mechanisms



- Prevent marine pollution
- Promote sustainable waste management
- Strengthen international cooperation
- Building capacities (Scientific/Technical & Economic)







### Challenges

#### **Initiative for the London Protocol Implementation in Honduras**

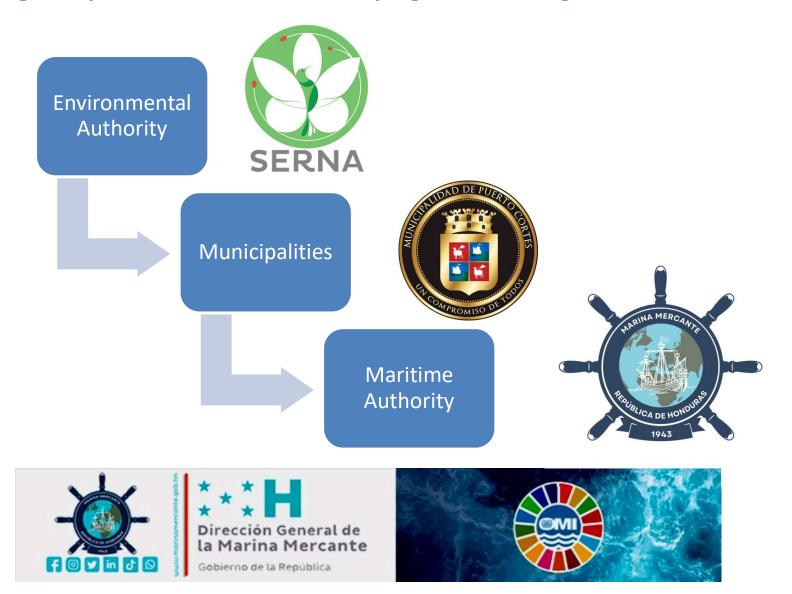
- ✓ Gather all relevant inter-institutional legal & technical information. (Ministry of Environment, Port municipalities through their municipal environmental units and the Maritime Authority.
- ✓ Create a commitment within stakeholders.
- ✓ Implement a working methodology with a focus on the accession to LP.
- ✓ Put together a "Skeleton Report" to elaborate a final accesión document.
- ✓ Establish an IMO technical assistance program that will promote an internal assessment.
- ✓ Implement a financially sustainable process.
- ✓ Take this final accession document to the Presidential & Congressional level.





### Implementation in Honduras

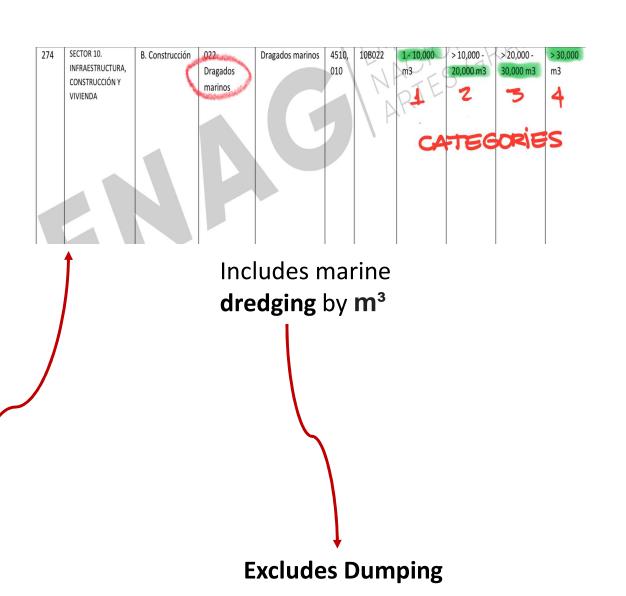
Honduras follows international marine environmental regulations and is committed to adopting best practices in maritime dumping waste management.



National Environmental Law Decree#104-93



The National
Environmental Impact
Assessment System
(SINEIA) is a mechanism
that evaluates and
controls activities that
may affect the
environment.

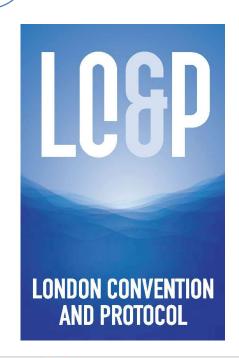






National Environmental Law & SINEIA excludes Dumping





Includes dumping by m³







### **Experiences**

- Puerto Cortes is considered one of the busiest ports in Central America, thus many shipping movements are therefore expected.
- Port Terminals in Puerto Cortes are well sheltered against wave action.
- Maximum monthly value of tides of 30 cm.
- Bottom composition silt sand and some fine sand transported by wave action, currents and rivers.



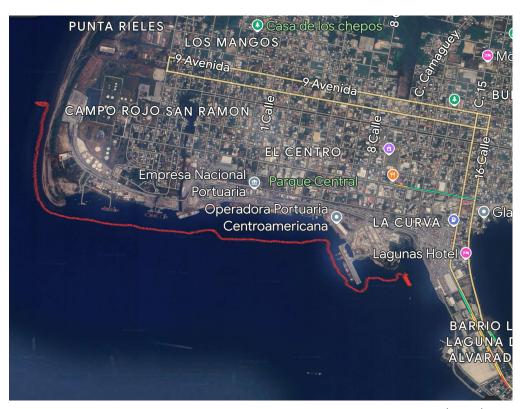


Image courtesy Google Earth Pro

### Case of Study

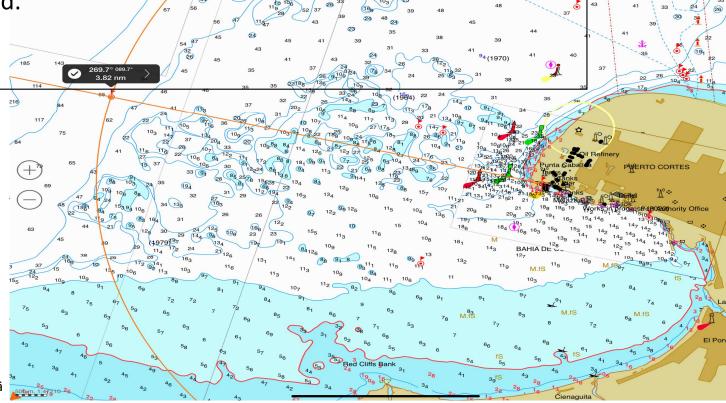
#### **Dredging & Dumping Request by CHEVRON-TEXACO.**





- Environmental (permit) license for dredging.
- Requested dumping dredging wastes to Maritime Authority (2020).
- Maritime Authority suggested deep studies in order to choose dumping area.
- Performed proper oceanographic studies (sedimentology, marine geomorphology, predominant surface & underwater currents among other studies conducted by RPS Group (2021).
- Dumping site is determined.
- 3.82 nm, ↓ > 40 m



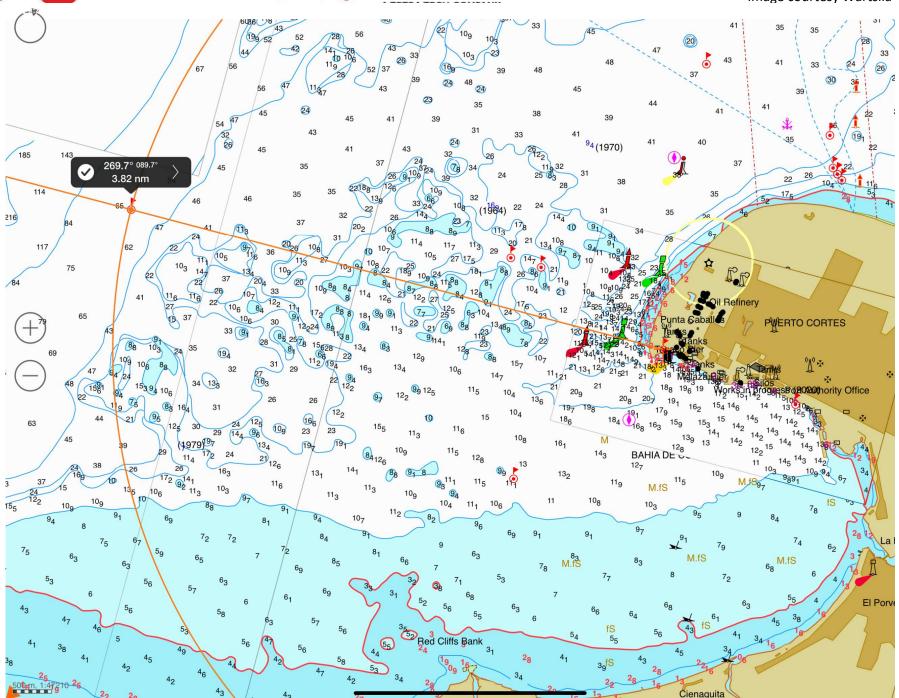


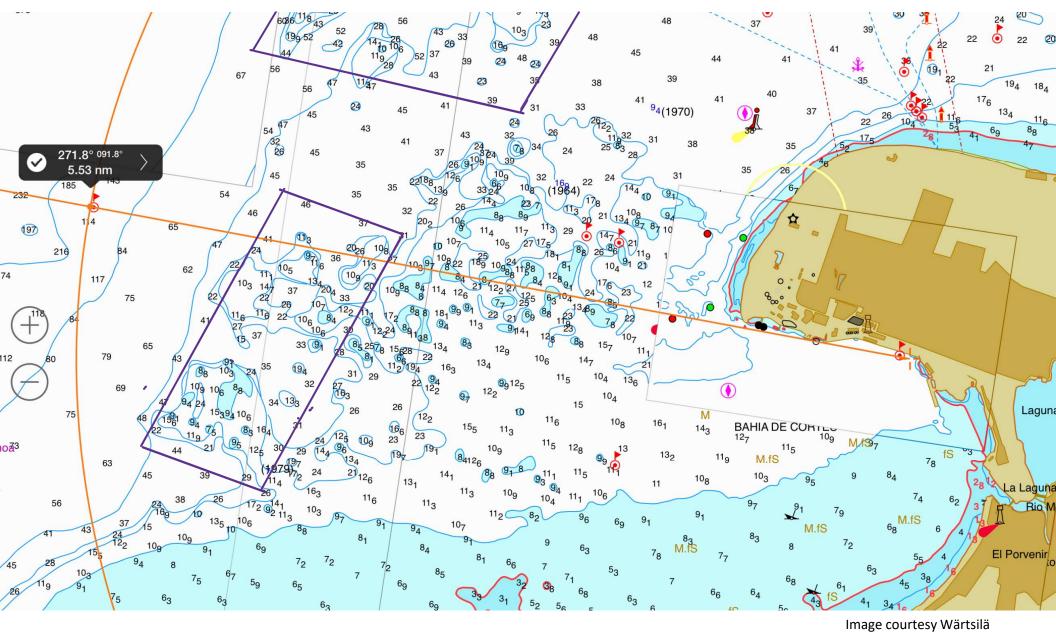


## TEXACO (PS



Image courtesy Wärtsilä





 2022-2023 MAR FUND + local Municipality/NGOs carry out a fisheries survey and decided to establish Fishing Replenishment Zones (FRP).





#### **Operadora Portuaria Centroamericana (OPC)**

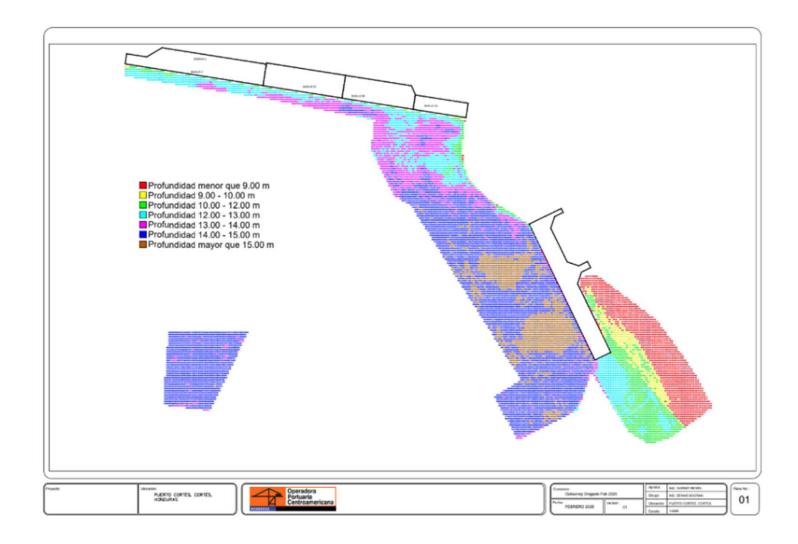
- Notifies Maritime Authority about intentions to carry out dredging/dumping (2024).
- Environmental (permit) license for dredging.
- Conducts studies of sediments in area.
- Maritime Authority grants permit and dredging/dumping begins (2025).
- OPC hires Dutch company
- Trailing Suction Hopper Dredger (TSHD)





Total material dumped: **96,383 m**<sup>3</sup>

#### **Batimetry and Monitoring**



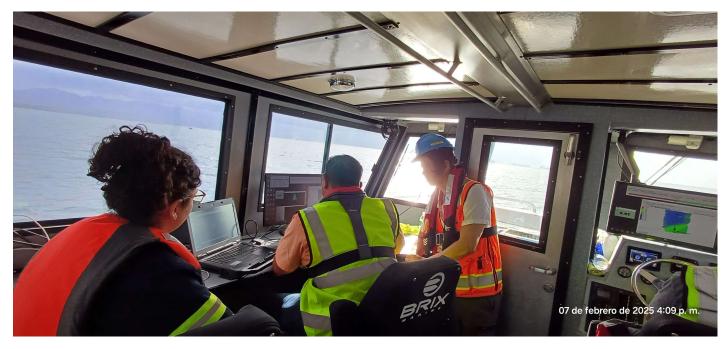


Homogeneous mixture of seawater, sand/silt





### **Activities of Supervision**









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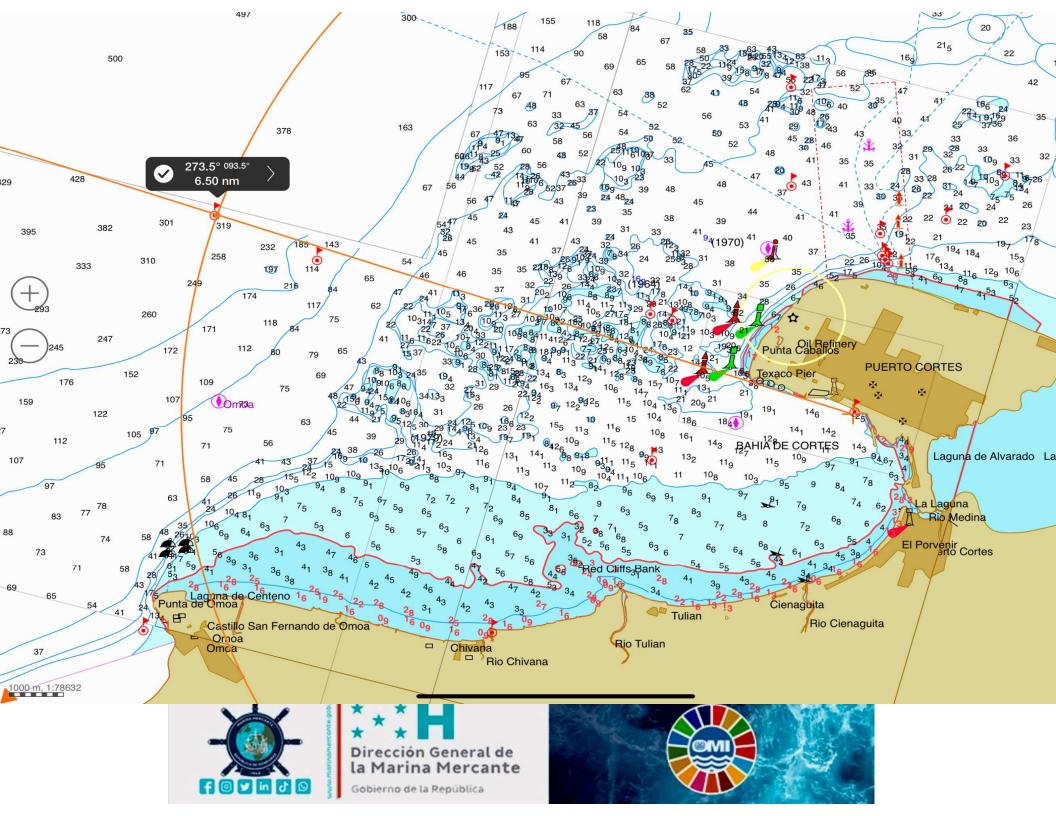
Time set before 14:00 Hours

Speed vessel set < 10 kn = 7 kn

I from 100 − 300 m







#### **NEXT STEPS FOR HONDURAS**

- 1. Accession & implementation of London Protocol amended;
- 2. Update Maritime Authority Dumping Guidelines according to a scientific framework;
- 3. Promotion & inclusion among other related parties about LP;
- 4. Capacity building (S/T/E) for Maritime Authority & other related parties;
- 5. Strengthen marine research & monitoring;
- 6. Implement regional technical co-operation related to the LP;
- 7. More involvement to LC/LP working groups.
- 8. Seeking assistance to B2C for guidance and other matters.



